

# Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

29<sup>th</sup> September 2010. Brussels.

ICT 2010: Digitally Driven. Networking session Day 3.

Marit Hansen – ULD (Data Protection Authority Schleswig-Holstein), Germany



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Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

## Our networking session

### Agenda

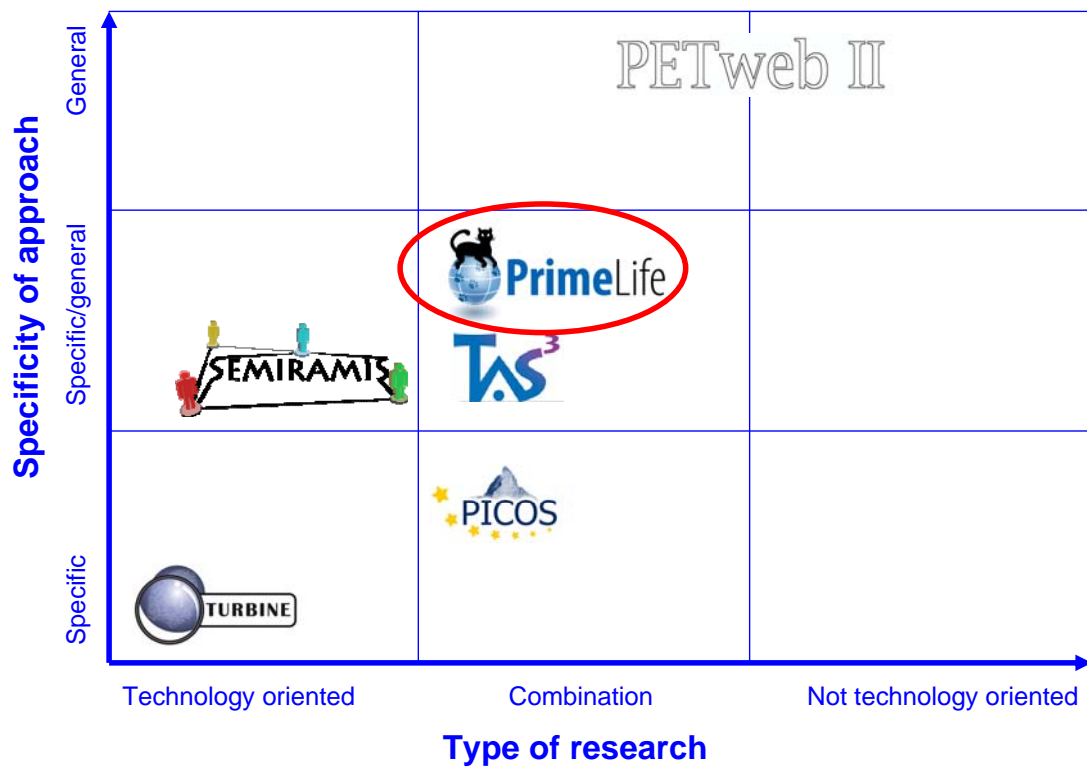
- Introduction: project overview
- 8 min slots per project
- ... sums up to 45 minutes = 1st half
- 2nd half:
  - ☐ Discussion
  - ☐ Collaboration
  - ☐ Networking



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## Project overview



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## Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

# PrimeLife

## Privacy and Identity Management in Europe for Life

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Dieter M. Sommer – IBM Research, Zurich, Switzerland



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# Why PrimeLife?



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**A person's digital footprint  
grows massively  
over time**



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Storage is getting ever cheaper,  
data mining more powerful



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## Challenge: User Information Management

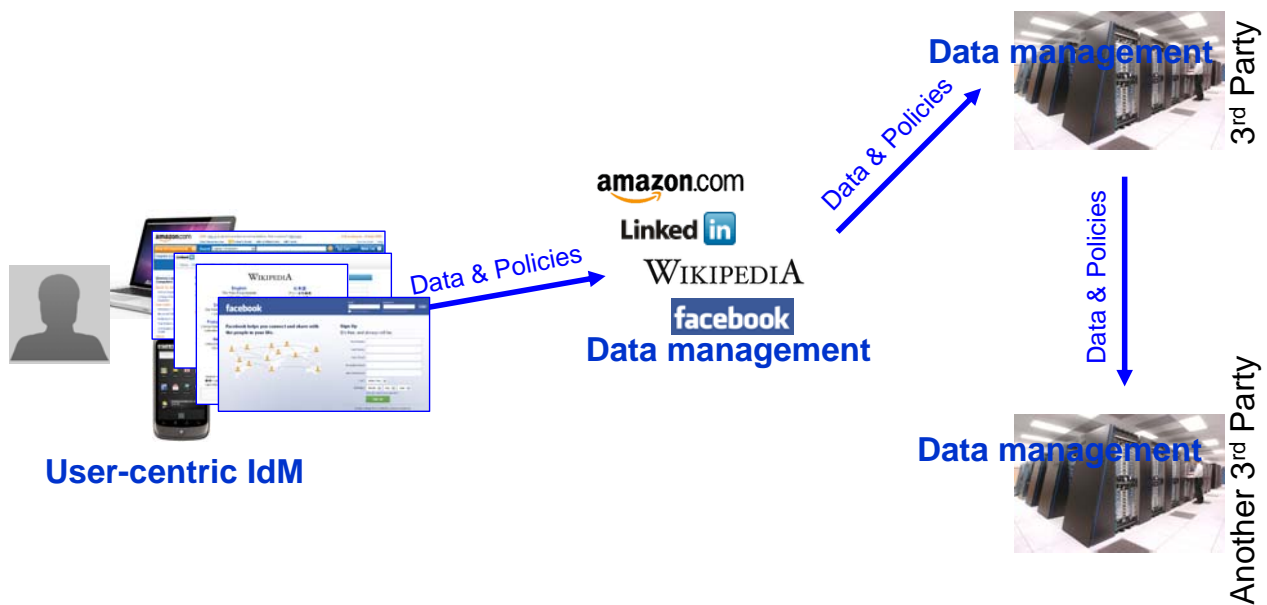


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# A User And Her Electronic Interactions



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## PrimeLife's Vision

*In the Information Society, **users** can act and interact in a **safe and secure** way while **retaining** control of their private sphere.*





# PrimeLife's History



2004-2008

Privacy in user-centric IdM  
Data minimization  
Privacy-enhanced policies  
Basic research



2008-2011

*Privacy in life*  
Web 2.0 use cases  
E.g., Social networks  
*Privacy live: Dissemination*  
Continuing basic research



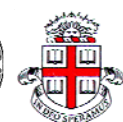
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- **Budget**  
around €15 Million
- **Duration**  
March 2008 to Feb 2011
- **15 Partners**  
from Enterprise, Academia and Government



Microsoft

W3C

IBM

SAP

# What PrimeLife is doing

# Examples



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## Social Networks

## *Clique*



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[Motivation: see [www.facebook.com](http://www.facebook.com) for page with compromising content]



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The screenshot displays the 'clique' web application interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'clique' and user avatars for 'icta' and 'icta hobby', along with an 'Add new face' button. Below this is a secondary navigation bar with 'Dashboard', 'Tools', 'Settings', and a search bar. The main content area is titled 'Collections Wizard' and includes a progress bar with steps: 'Introduction', 'Set your collections', 'Group your friends into the collections', and 'Finished'. The current step is 'Set your collections', which contains the heading 'Create, modify, and remove collections' and a descriptive paragraph. Below the text are two panels: 'Your collections' and 'Suggested collections'. The 'Your collections' panel lists: 'Best Friends (3) [is default] x', 'Family (2) [make default] x', 'distant friends (2) [make default] x', 'Tennis club (2) [make default] x', and 'people I dislike (1) [make default] x'. The 'Suggested collections' panel lists: 'Friends', 'Classmates', 'Sport Friends', and 'Colleagues', each with a plus icon for addition.



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The screenshot shows the 'clique' social network interface. On the left is a sidebar with a 'Write a blog post' section and a 'Conversation' section. The main content area is titled 'Who can see this information' and 'Collections and contacts...'. It features a 'Collections' list on the left and a 'Contacts' list on the right. Below these is a 'Who can see this information' section with a green background, showing a list of users and their relationships. To the right of this is a red box labeled '...exceptions' containing a user named 'Bibi van den Berg'. At the bottom, there are three radio buttons for visibility settings: 'Only visible to me', 'Contacts', and 'Public'.



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This screenshot is identical to the one on slide 18, showing the 'clique' social network interface. A large blue diagonal banner with white text is overlaid across the center of the image, reading 'Based on Elgg open source social network'.



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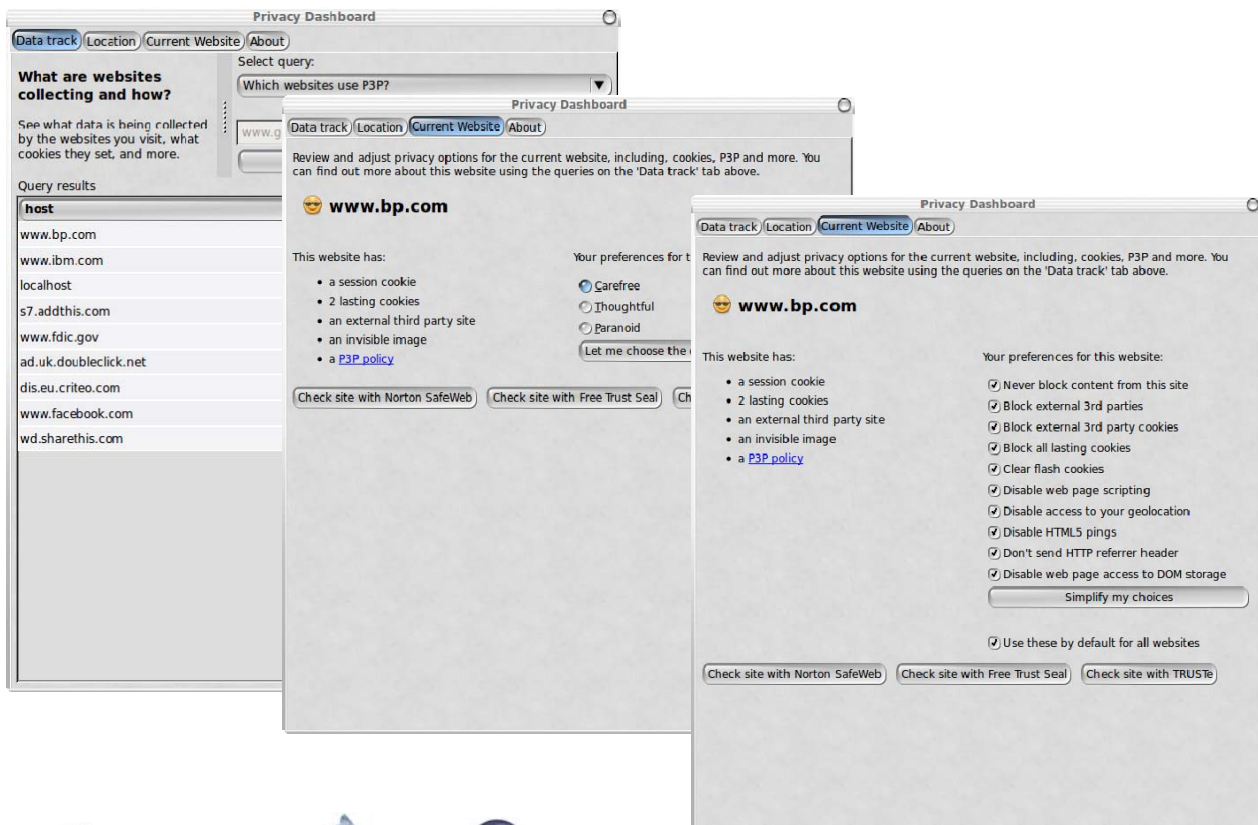
# Web Browsing *Privacy Dashboard*



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<http://www.primelife.eu/results/opensource/76-dashboard>

*Try it now!*  
[on Firefox 3.6 or greater]



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# Service Composition & Policies

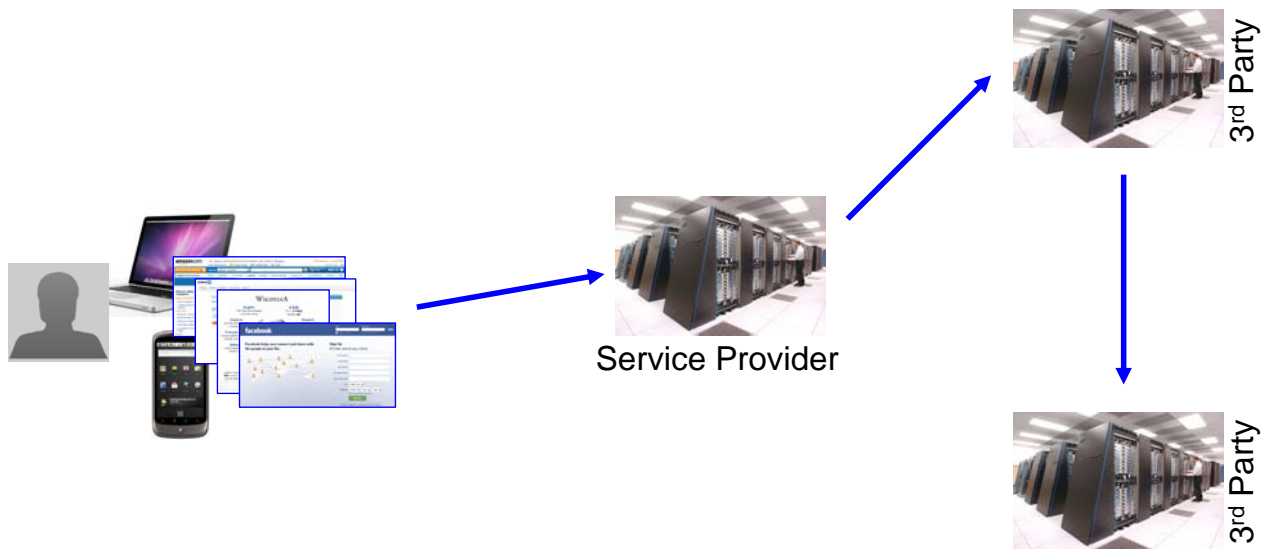


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# Service Composition & Policies

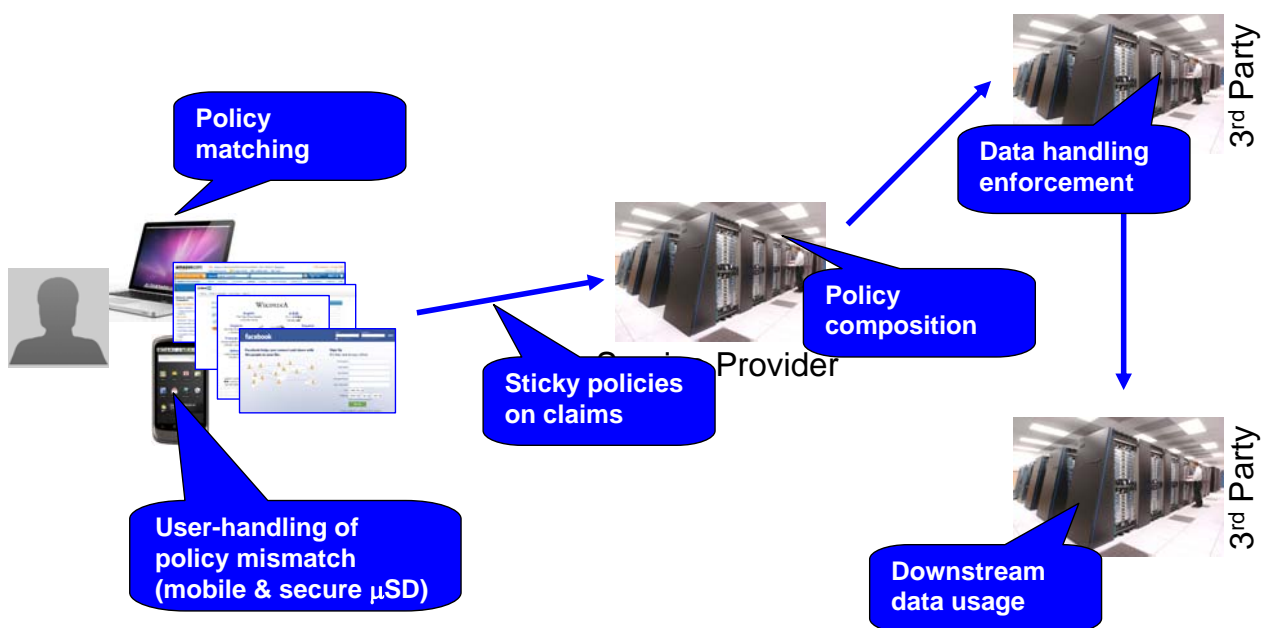


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# Service Composition & Policies



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# Open Source

[www.primelife.eu/](http://www.primelife.eu/)



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## PrimeLife exhibition stand

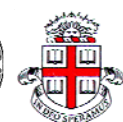
Hall 7, "Safety and Security" area  
Stand id 2928, "PrimeLife"

*Come and see our (open source)  
products and talk to PrimeLife!*

Dieter M. Sommer, IBM Research  
dso@zurich.ibm.com

on behalf of the PrimeLife Consortium

[www.primelife.eu](http://www.primelife.eu)



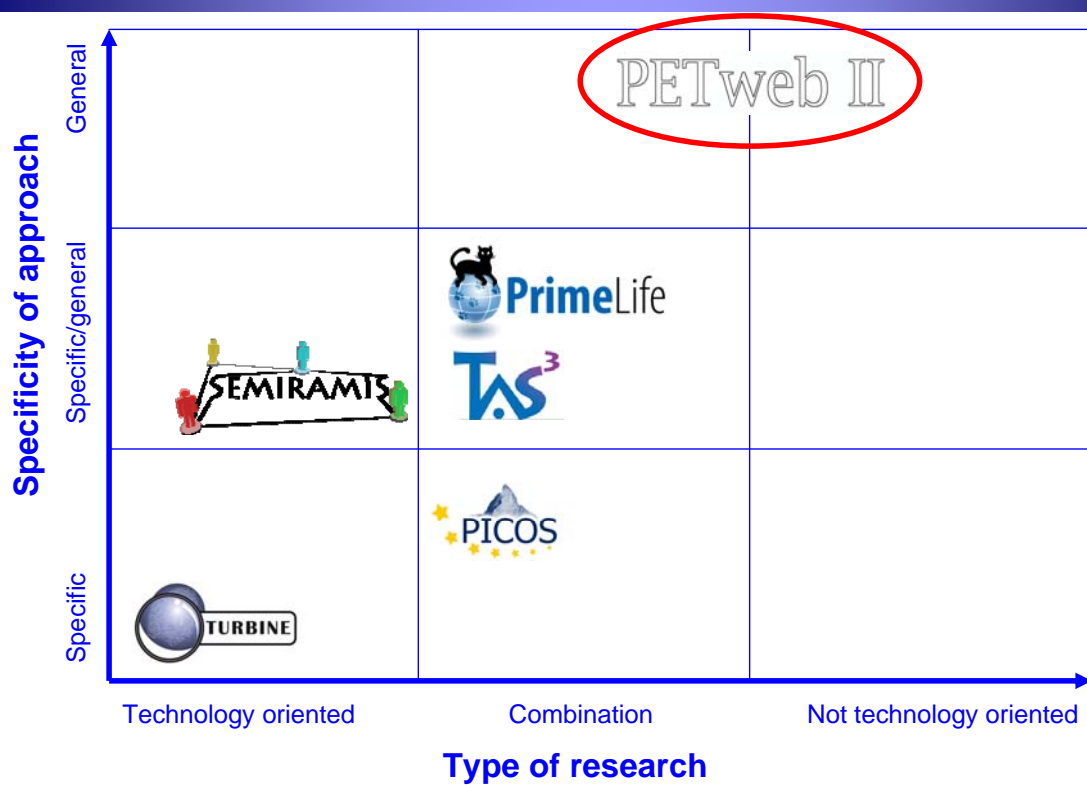
Microsoft

W3C

IBM



## Project overview



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## Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

### PETweb II – Privacy in Identity Management

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Lothar Fritsch – Norwegian Computing Center, Oslo, Norway - <http://www.nr.no/>



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## PETweb II: Privacy respecting IDM for Norway

### ■ Vision:

- Help system owners chose the right IDM systems with good privacy properties
- Provide metrics & analysis methods
- Case studies and best practice examples

### ■ Project outline:

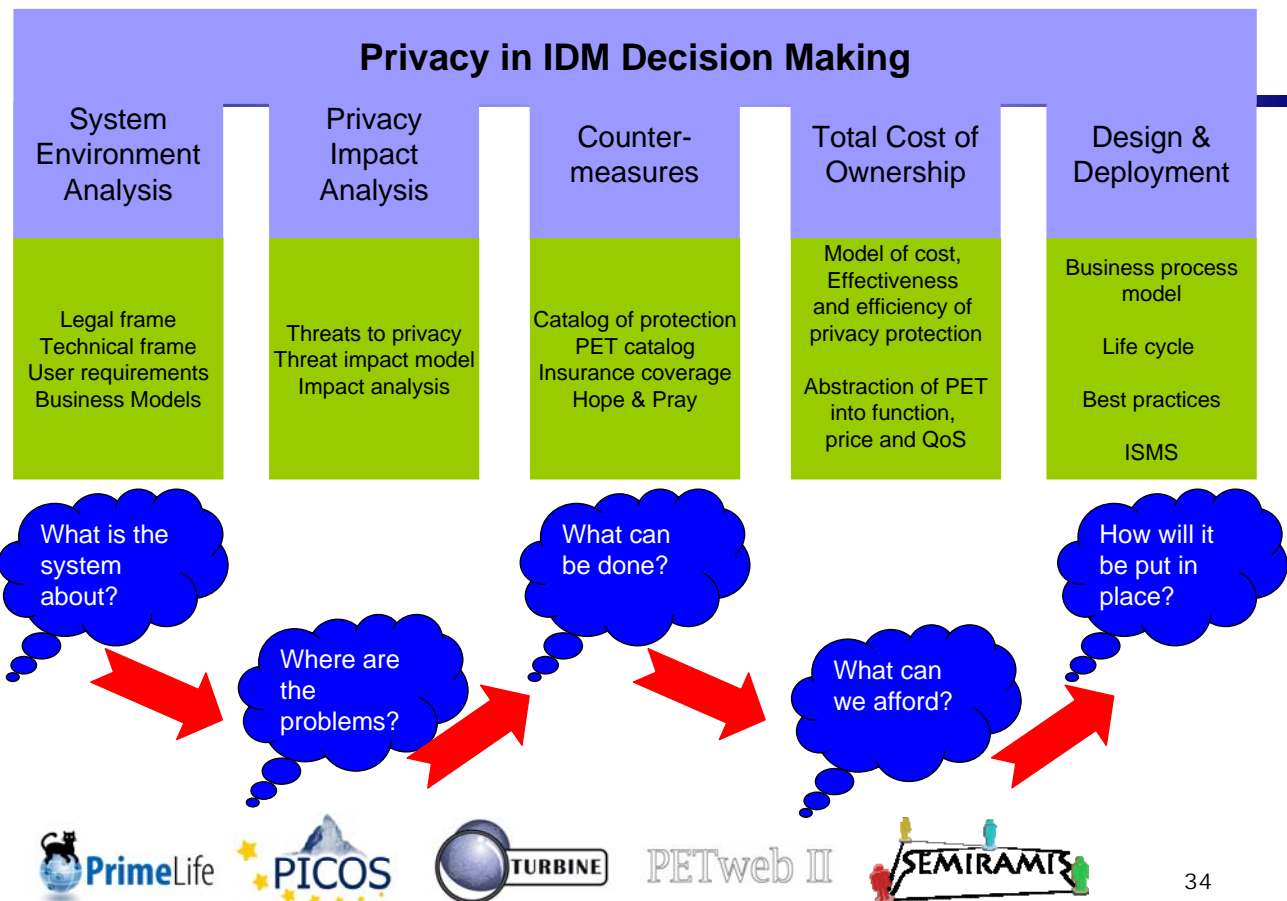
- Develop understanding of risk factors
- Develop simulation/analysis tool for privacy analysis
- Educate and graduate 2 PhD students
- Network with Norwegian stakeholders



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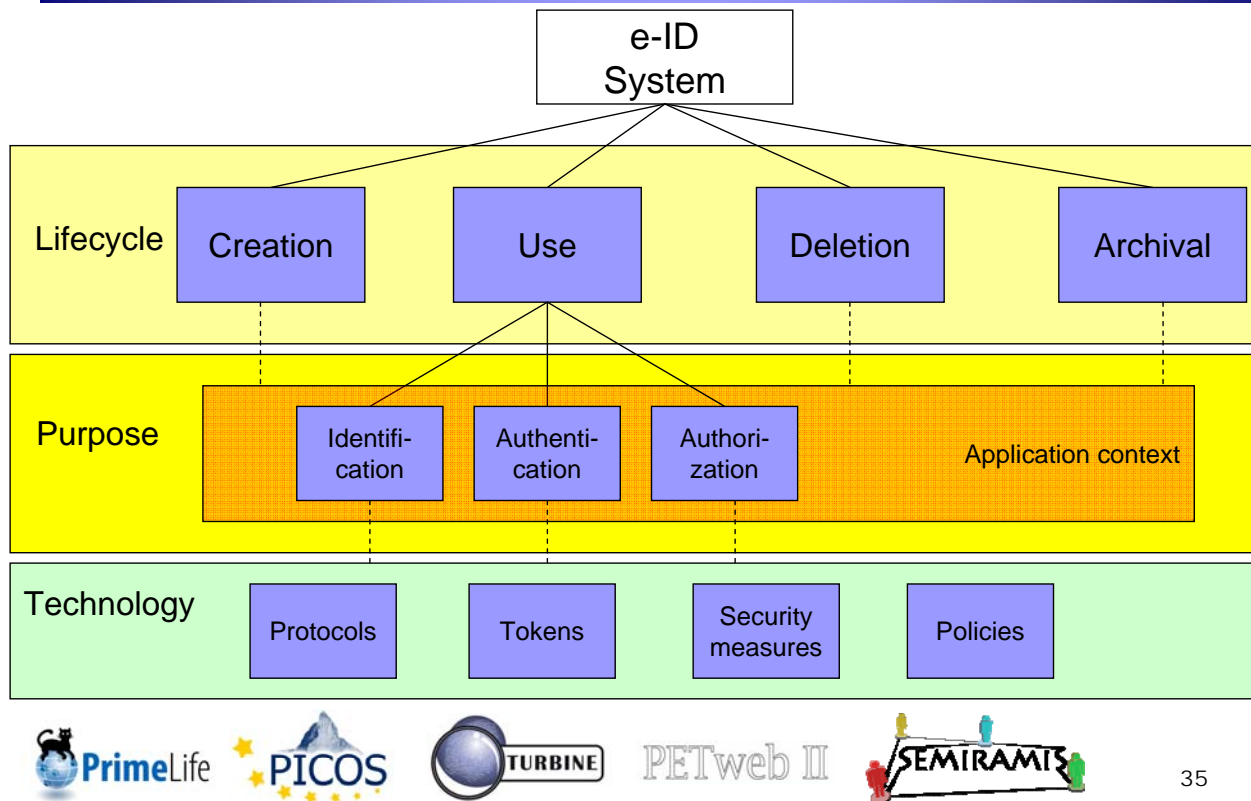


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## Analysis of risk & side effects created by e-ID



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## Risk factors in IDM & e-ID

- We're working with qualification and quantification of risk-relevant properties.
- Particular focus: What happens when IDMS get new applications attached? What are risks originating from function creep?

| <i>Risk contributing factors</i>       | <i>Parameters</i>  |
|--|--|
| <b>Secrecy of Authentication tools</b> | Publicly known, inferrable, secret                             |
| <b>Mobility of Authentication Tool</b> | Copyable, remotely usable, concurrently usable, immobile       |
| <b>Claim type</b>                      | single, multiple   |
| <b>Risks to IDM</b>                    | loss, misuse, disclosure, disruption, theft, replacement value |
| <b>Provisioning</b>                    | creation, edit, deletion                                       |
| <b>Frequency and duration</b>          | Uses per year, total life time of identifier/transaction       |
| <b>Use/Purpose</b>                     | Authentication, Authorization, Identification                  |
| <b>Personal attributes</b>             | Forced, chosen, role, pseudonymity                             |
| <b>Obligations &amp; policies</b>      | Relationship to ID, Relationship to PI                         |

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## EU collaboration interests

### ■ Call 7

- ☐ Privacy design and IDM concepts in e-Health
- ☐ Privacy and e-ID challenges in the Internet of Things
- ☐ Usability, User interfaces, and e-inclusion issues

### ■ Call 8

- ☐ Further development of trustworthy components with known privacy and risk properties
- ☐ Tools and methods

### ■ ... and any other issue is welcome

- ☐ Privacy economics, Usability testing, Lifelong e-ID,...

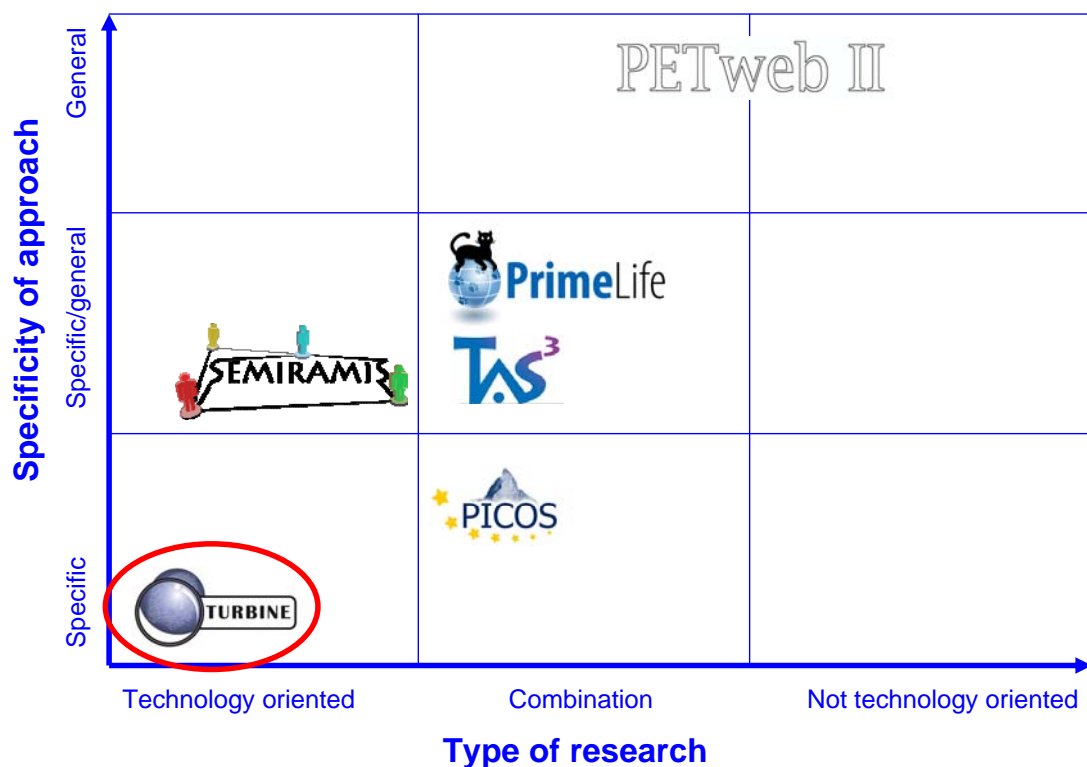


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## Project overview



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# Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

## TURBINE

### Authentication: trusted individuals preserving personal data

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Nicolas Delvaux – Morpho



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## Authentication

### ■ How user can authenticate?

- ☐ Login/password
- ☐ Token (smart card, mobile, ...)
- ☐ Personal data (Face, voice, Fp)



### ■ Service providers

- ☐ Legal approach “click for consent”



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# Biometrics: a solution for authentication?

## ■ YES !

- Biometrics characteristics to guarantee excellent authentication level
  - Universality, Uniqueness, Permanence, Collectability.

## ■ NO !

- Biometrics characteristics authenticate **FOREVER!**
  - No way for a citizen to repudiate his personal biometrics data

## ■ Solution through state-of-the-art protection

- Crypto-graphic with symmetric or asymmetric keys, smart cards
- Ready to be unbreakable for a full live?

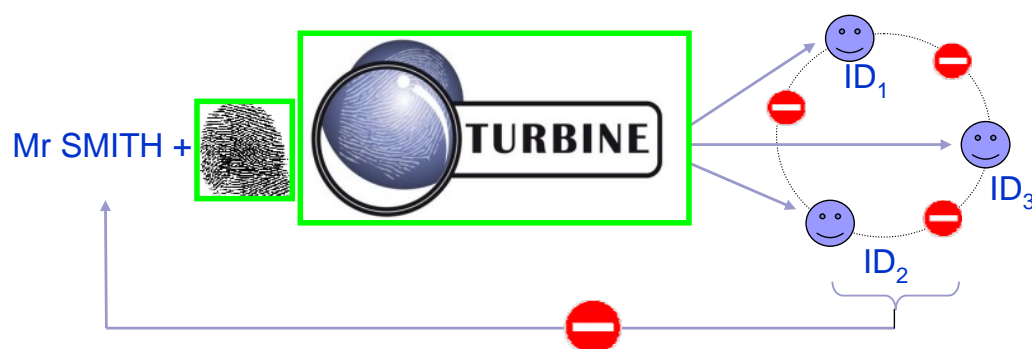


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# Crypto –Biometrics techniques for identity



To transform fingerprint

1. into “pseudo-identity”
  - Parameters create independent identities:  $ID_1, ID_2, \dots ID_n$
  - No possibility to link different “pseudo-identities”
2. without reverse-engineering capability

→ **Revocation of pseudo-identities is possible!**



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## Challenges addressed

Performances

- User correctly authenticated

Security

- Robust to attacks

Privacy

- No reveal personal data



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## Performance challenge

- Fingerprint systems are accurate
  - As example, FVC 2002:
    - FRR (FAR 1%) = 0.11%
    - FRR (FAR 0.1%) = 0.14%
    - EER = 0.14%
- TURBINE target operational accuracy
  - Verification for access control
  - To deliver identity trust



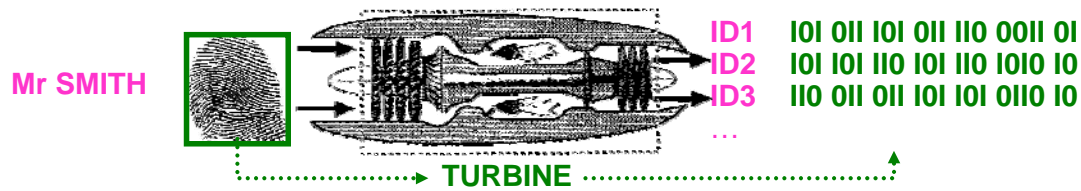
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# Security Challenge



- Different identities (pseudo, voter, tax payer, ...)
  - But non link between identities?
- Fingerprint is transformed & substituted instead of encrypted
  - But non way to reverse?

## Attacks on crypto-biometrics:

- FAR attack; Inverting the hash; Hill Climbing attack; Nearest Impostors attack; Attacks on the Error Correcting Code; Non-randomness attack; Re-usability attack; Blended substitution; Linkage attack



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# Privacy framework challenge

- Identity management must be in accordance with EC 95/46 Directive on Data Protection
- TURBINE
  - Assessment of security Identity management Scheme
  - Secure element to store some information
  - EDPS opinion on the overall scheme



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# TURBINE

## ■ TURBINE:

- A PETs IDM technology
- A tool in a more secure network
- A biometric authentication for specific services (e-Gov, health, ...)

## ■ Technology contribution related to trusted identity authentication

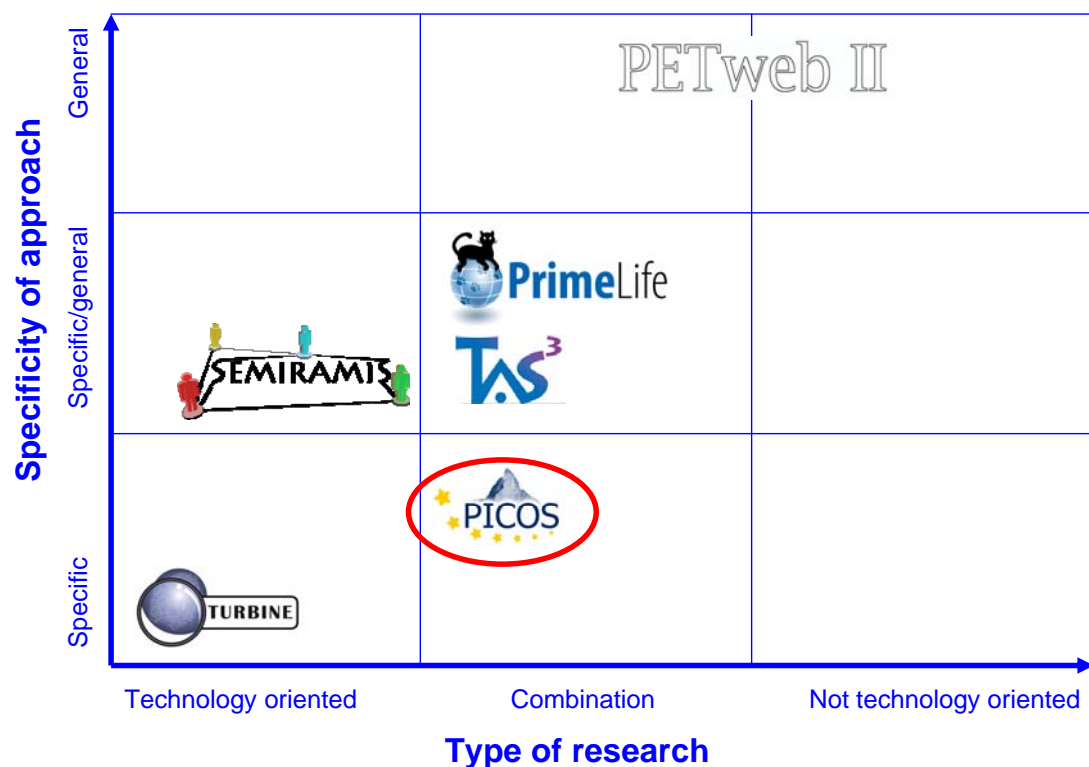


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## Project overview



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# Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

## Privacy and Identity Management for Community Services (PICOS)

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Markus Tschersich – Goethe University Frankfurt



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Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

## Scope

### ■ Focus:

#### ☐ Privacy in mobile communities

- How to improve **trust** and **privacy** in service provision to these communities?
- What supporting services and infrastructure?

### ■ Challenges:

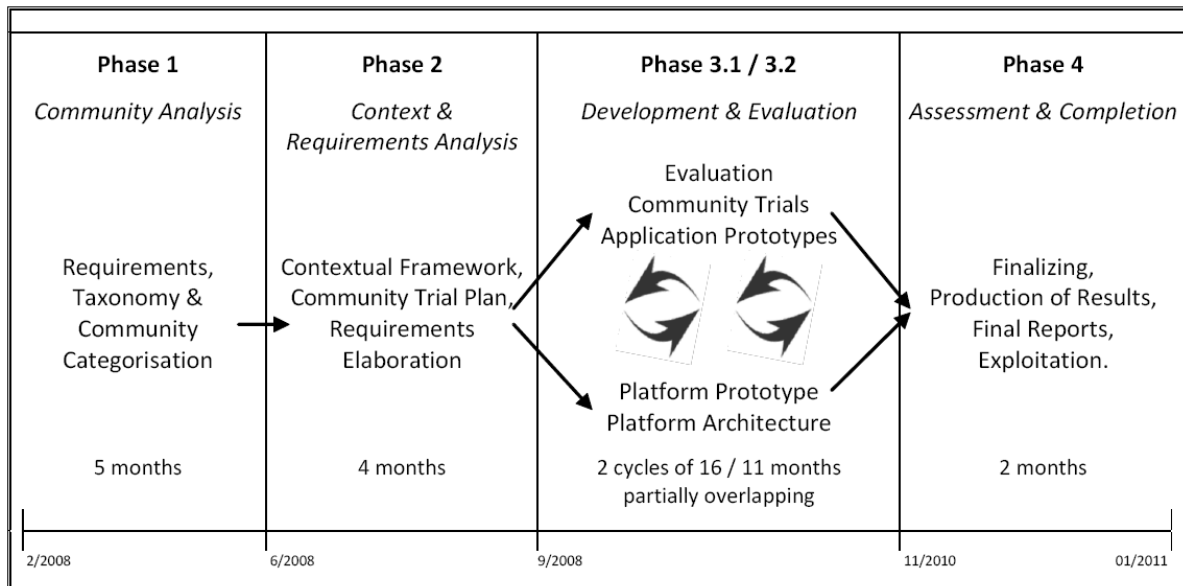
- ☐ Client mobility & locatability
- ☐ Small devices/UIs
- ☐ Independence from phone types/OSs
- ☐ Independence from comms service providers



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## Project approach



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## PICOS prototype “AnglerApp”

- Prototypical implementation for field trials
- Advanced privacy and identity management features optimized for mobile communities
  - ☐ Sub-Community
  - ☐ Location Blurring
  - ☐ Private Rooms
  - ☐ Partial Identities
  - ☐ Privacy Advisor



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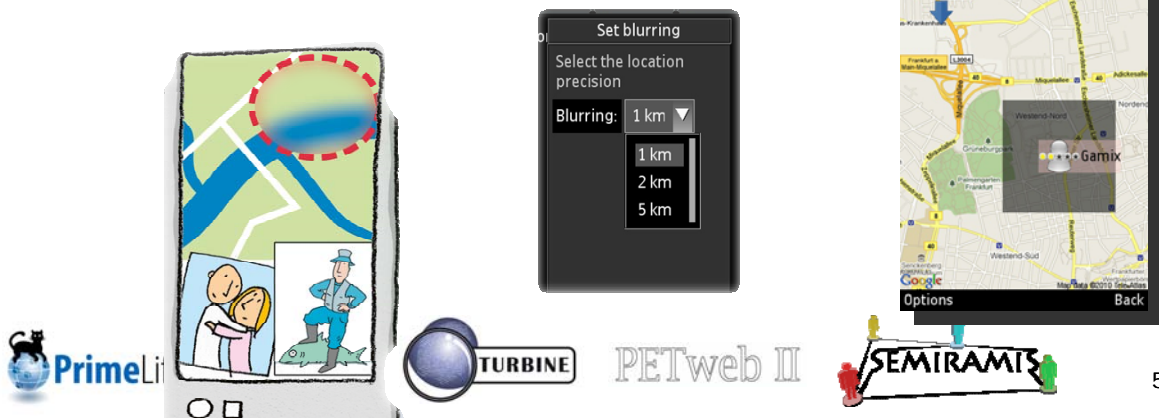


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## Location Blurring

- A user's location is obfuscated on a map to
  - hide its (exact) position
  - allow only selected people to view the exact position
- Different levels of blurring
  - to control the degree of obfuscation



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## Partial Identities

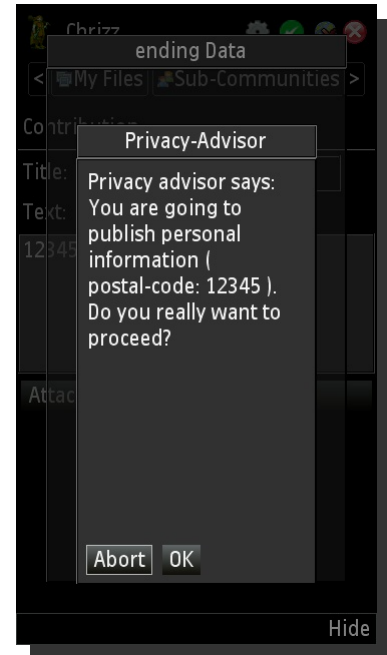
- Different Partial Identities for different usage contexts
  - e.g., for usage in different sub-communities to reflect various roles of users
- A limited set of personal information is disclosed for each Partial Identity



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## Privacy Advisor

- Provides privacy-related guidance to users (e.g., regarding disclosure/sharing of location info, street address)
- Based on the user's current behaviour and context



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## PICOS prototype “GamerApp”

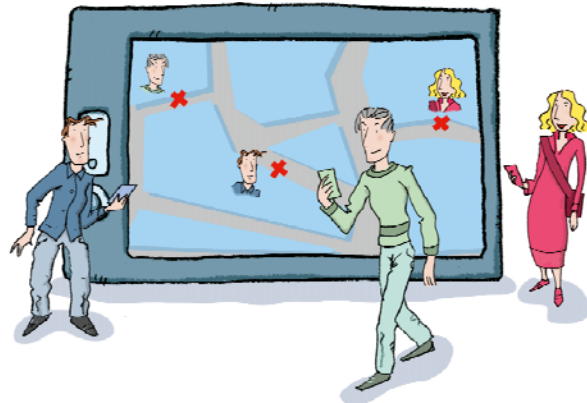
- Prototypical implementation for field trials
- Interaction between players outside of the game
  - Via mobile devices and fixed web clients
  - Enhancement of trust and privacy features in AnglerApp
  - Consideration of marketing/advertising aspects in order to exploit emerging marketing opportunities



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## Open topics and further work

- Mobile Communities with Location-Based Services
- Trust and Privacy towards service provider
- New Cases: Business, Healthcare,...



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## More information

**Visit our stand:**  
**R7.09**

**or**

**[www.picos-project.eu](http://www.picos-project.eu)**

[contact@picos-project.eu](mailto:contact@picos-project.eu)

[twitter.com/picos\\_project](https://twitter.com/picos_project)

[www.facebook.com/picos.project](https://www.facebook.com/picos.project)



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## Project overview



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## Identity management throughout life – solutions, trends, side effects

# SEMIRAMIS

Secure Management of Information  
across multiple Stakeholders

29<sup>th</sup> September 2010. Brussels.

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Charles Bastos Rodriguez – Atos Origin



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## SEMIRAMIS - Overview

### Secure Management of Information across multiple Stakeholders

- CIP-ICT-PSP.2009.7.1: A European infrastructure for secure information management
- Duration: 30 months  
Start date: March 2010  
End date: August 2012
- Cost: 4,034,498.00 €    Funding: 2,017,247.00 €
- Consortium: 9 partners from 6 countries.
- Project coordinator: Atos Origin (Spain)



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## SEMIRAMIS

### ■ The actual context:

- The efficient implementation of “cross border” processes will become a critical issue in Europe
- Such processes comprise public institutions, citizens and private institutions
- The demand will increase continuously and brings up the following challenges
  - Interoperability which would result in unproductive delay and further burdens
  - User friendliness which allocate too much “resources”
  - Efficiency , which introduce cost higher than needed



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# SEMIRAMIS

## ■ The aim of SEMIRAMIS

- The main aim of SEMIRAMIS is to provide an infrastructure for e-services, which minimizes the administrative burdens of such processes with a special focus on

- ☐ Scalability (in a European context)
- ☐ Interoperability (in an European context)
- ☐ Security respecting individual national policies
- ☐ Trust in a heterogeneous Europe

## ■ The key qualities of the infrastructure include

- ☐ Ensuring data privacy, confidentiality and trust according to the applicable regulations
- ☐ Managing access to the data, strictly on a *need-to-know* basis for the user and the e-services being accessed
- ☐ Providing open interfaces to allow different organizations, whether private or public
- ☐ Defining a modular and customizable architecture, whose components can be deployed at different locations



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# SEMIRAMIS

## ■ Means of validation

- SEMIRAMIS has three generic scenarios validating the concept which are:

- ☐ eDoc for citizens
- ☐ Roaming Students
- ☐ Tax Inspector

Which have a similar scope in terms of diversity and are generic enough for a generalized solution



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# SEMIRAMIS

- **Scenario “e-DOC Services for Citizens”** A European Citizen decides to move for a short period of time to another country. As a consequence of a job offer, he will try to stay in the country more time than initially planned.
- Several needs may arise, which can be solved by SEMIRAMIS:
  - The foreign company asks for the Citizen's previous experience which involves the communication of personal data.
  - He will require a temporary housing and healthcare facility so he may need a certificate of residence.
  - If he is travelling with kids, they would also need access to public education facilities. Family membership and previous scholar information is required.
  - To stay in contact with the family in the country of origin, he needs access to local TELCO services.
- The Citizen's consent is needed before releasing personal information.
- Several ways of citizen authentication are considered such as eID authentication.



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# SEMIRAMIS

- **Scenario “Roaming Student”** A European student moves to another country to continue his studies in another European university.
- Several aspects of the roaming student life are considered:
  - During the matriculation process the foreign university may require academic information about the student from his home university.
  - The student may request some TELCO services in the foreign country. The new contracted services should have the same profile or equivalent to the services at HT.
  - The student may receive economic aid from the government. The student should prove that he is enrolled at the university.
- Policies are defined by the student to control personal information releasing.
- Interoperability issues for the academic information format are addressed.
- eduGAIN/eduroam are considered in this scenario for interaction between universities.



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# SEMIRAMIS

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Thank you!

For more information please visit:

<http://www.semiramis-cip.eu/>

Contact us:

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Dissemination manager – Véronique Pevtschin:

[veronique.pevtschin@eng.it](mailto:veronique.pevtschin@eng.it)



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## Where do we go from here?

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- This is a networking session!
- So: who else in the room is active in related projects?
- What are future research challenges?  
(Think of FP8 ...)



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